







# **Using more words**

Children learn new words when they hear and experience them together. New words develop during children's play and day-to-day activities.

To help children use more words, you can:

Repeat key words often in your play together, and

**Add on new words** to what children have said.

### Play with more words: Use key words in your play together



#### Play...with a doll or bear

Play with a baby doll or a bear. Talk about what your child is doing. Repeat key words a few times, in short sentences.

Child: (hugging the baby)

Child: You're *hugging* your baby. You're *hugging* him. Lots

of *hugs* for the baby.



### At home...getting dressed

Use short sentences to talk about getting dressed.

Repeat key words as you put on each item of clothing.

You: Put your socks *on* first. Now one shoe *on*, and two shoes *on*! Hats *on*, and we're ready to go!



#### Out and about...at the park

Visit the park together, and talk about what you see. Repeat what your child says, and add on *new words*.

Child: Bird.

You: A bird in the tree!











## **Using more words**

# Read with more words: Visit the library and borrow some books

*Imagine* by Alison Lester This and That by Mem Fox Jungle Drums by Graeme Base

# Words to grow: Use these words in your day

Children use words for what they can see, do or experience.

names of people and things at home, day-care, and on outings Naming words: Action words: go, eat, bite, break, cry, wipe, jump, kick, sleep, smile, walk, play Describing words: big, little, funny, yummy, yucky, smelly, blue, yellow, soft, loud

Location words: in, on, under, next to, behind, in front of, between

### Learn about more words: Ways to help language grow

When you **repeat key words** in short sentences, you are:

- Giving lots of opportunities for children to hear the words, and
- Showing them how the words are used in a meaningful way.

When you **add on new words** to what children have said, you are:

- Showing that you understand what they have said, and
- Helping children learn how to add more information.

Children do not have to repeat words after you. The more often children hear new words in sentences as part of their day, the more likely they will understand more words and begin to use them in their own talking.

Speech pathology key terms: increased vocabulary, focussed stimulation, expansion.



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