

# Surface development guideline 6

Development in mine subsidence districts under s22  
of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*

# 1. Introduction

Subsidence Advisory NSW is the NSW Government agency responsible for administering the NSW *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017* (the Act).

The construction or alteration of any building or infrastructure in a declared Mine Subsidence District requires Subsidence Advisory approval under s22 of the Act.

## Surface Development Guidelines

Subsidence Advisory's Guidelines outline the requirements for complying development on properties located in Mine Subsidence Districts.

Properties within a Mine Subsidence District are each assigned a specific Guideline based on an assessment of the type of mining and predicted subsidence impact which may affect that property.

The Guidelines may include requirements related to the nature and class of any development on a property, the size, height and location of new structures, and the use of certain building materials and construction methods.

The Guidelines aim to:

- help prevent damage to improvements should mine subsidence occur
- ensure structures remain safe for residents should mine subsidence occur
- ensure that mitigating the risk of subsidence damage for residential construction is as simple and inexpensive as practicable.

The Guidelines are listed at **Table 1**.

The Guideline that applies to a particular property can be identified by searching for that property on the NSW Planning Portal's ePlanning Spatial Viewer. Find out more:

[nsw.gov.au/subsidence-advisory/districts#toc-nsw-planning-portal-eplanning-spatial-viewer](https://nsw.gov.au/subsidence-advisory/districts#toc-nsw-planning-portal-eplanning-spatial-viewer)

**Table 1 – Guidelines**

Surface Development Guideline	Mining type / predicted subsidence impact	Assessment Authority
Guideline 1	Historical mine workings – risk of pothole subsidence	Subsidence Advisory
Guideline 1A	Historical mine workings – risk of goaf consolidation	Subsidence Advisory
Guideline 2	Historical mine workings – possible subsidence risk	Council* Certifier* Subsidence Advisory
Guideline 3	Historical mine workings – remote subsidence risk	Council* Certifier* Subsidence Advisory
Guideline 3A	Historical mine workings – low subsidence risk	Council* Certifier* Subsidence Advisory
Guideline 4	Current mining areas – high predicted subsidence impact	Subsidence Advisory
Guideline 5	Current mining areas – moderate predicted subsidence impact	Subsidence Advisory
<b>Guideline 6</b>	<b>Current mining areas – minimal predicted subsidence impact</b>	<b>Council*</b> <b>Certifier*</b> <b>Subsidence Advisory</b>
Guideline 7	On application	Subsidence Advisory
Guideline 8	No restrictions	Council* Certifier* Subsidence Advisory

*\*Pursuant to section 24 of the Act, Subsidence Advisory NSW has exempted works that comply with Guidelines 2, 3, 3A, 6 and 8 from the operation of section 21 of the Act provided that certification is provided by a council or registered certifier (as defined in the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979) as compliant with the relevant guideline.*

## 2. Surface Development Guideline 6

This document explains the requirements for constructing a complying development on a property in a Mine Subsidence District that has been assigned **Guideline 6**.

**Guideline 6** applies to properties likely to be undermined in the future with subsidence-induced ground movements.

Development that complies with this Guideline will generally accommodate the following subsidence-induced ground movements:

Maximum Horizontal Ground Strain:	2mm/m tensile or compressive.
Maximum Tilt:	4mm/m.
Minimum Radius of Curvature:	10km (hogging and sagging).

## 3. Allowable residential construction

**Guideline 6** allows for up to two residential buildings that conform with the following description:

Single storey or two storey, clad frame or masonry veneer residential buildings, erected on reinforced concrete footings and slabs, designed and constructed to comply with AS 2870-2011 for the relevant site classification. Site classification "P" for Mine Subsidence is to be ignored for these structures.

- Masonry is to be articulated, in accordance with the current editions of Australian Standards AS3700 and AS4773.
- These improvements are limited to a maximum length of 30 metres and a maximum footprint area of 500m<sup>2</sup>.

### Prohibited works

The following works are not permitted under this Guideline:

- Integral retaining walls
- Basements (including partial basements where one or more walls acts as a retaining wall)
- Suspended, drop edge or stepped slabs
- Masonry internal walls

Commercial buildings or applications for more than two separate residential buildings require assessment by Subsidence Advisory in accordance with its Merit Assessment Policy.

### Other allowable additions and improvements

The below types of additions and improvements are also permitted on properties subject to **Guideline 6**:

- Concrete inground swimming pools up to 12m long are permitted however no wet edge designs are permitted.

## Exempt developments

In addition to the above, Subsidence Advisory has exempted some minor construction works from requiring approval under s22 of the Act. For a full list of exempt developments, please refer to Subsidence Advisory's Exempt Development list available at:

[nsw.gov.au/subsidence-advisory/exempt-developments](https://nsw.gov.au/subsidence-advisory/exempt-developments)

### 4. Proposed developments that do not comply with the applicable Guideline

Applications for proposed improvements that do not comply with the Guideline assigned to the property may be assessed under Subsidence Advisory's Merit Assessment Policy.

Please refer to Subsidence Advisory's website for further information on requirements for proposed developments that do not comply with the Guideline:

[nsw.gov.au/subsidence-advisory/merit-policy](https://nsw.gov.au/subsidence-advisory/merit-policy)

### 5. Who can assess whether development complies with Guideline 6

Applications for proposed development that complies with this Guideline can be assessed by Subsidence Advisory, the relevant council or a registered certifier as defined in the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*

### 6. Disclaimer

Please note that Subsidence Advisory's Surface Development Controls are subject to change.