REDS Impact Review

Nambucca REDS fire impact addendum May 2020





Executive summary

This document serves as a fire impact addendum to the Regional Economic Development Strategy (REDS) for Nambucca. Its purpose is to identify potential short, medium and long-term focus areas for Local, State and Commonwealth Government to consider when prioritising industry and place-based economic recovery funding in response to the 2019-2020 bushfire crisis.

This document was developed in collaboration with regional staff and Local Government Area (LGA) representatives, and utilised input from industry experts. The priorities within this document were identified and are owned by Local Government.

Nambucca is a relatively small regional economy with a diverse range of engine industries, from primary production to manufacturing. During the 2019-2020 bushfires forestry, tourism, and agriculture all sustained significant direct bushfire damage, either to core assets or enabling industry infrastructure. All industries sustained protracted indirect effects, including visitation downturn in the tourism industry and processing disruptions in forestry. Though the gross impact to regional Gross Value Added (GVA) may be small, as a proportion of Nambucca's economy that impact may be significant in the short term. This reflects Nambucca's exposure to the industries affected by fires. The bushfires have also highlighted the importance of the existing strategic priorities, as well as the benefits of improving resilience, connectivity and disaster response management.

Example priorities identified in this document relate to, but are not limited to, infrastructure investment, forestry recovery, tailored housing support, and diversification and professionalisation of the tourism industry.

These materials are based on preliminary data available as of May 2020.



Note to reader: COVID-19 context and considerations

This document has been prepared in response to the 2019-2020 bushfire crisis. It does not factor in the economic impacts from COVID-19, providing only a bushfire economic impact baseline. As a result: this document and any impact estimates within do not take into account any additional economic impacts which arise from COVID-19 and consider only the economic impact of bushfires.

In response to COVID-19 the Commonwealth and NSW Governments have put in place restrictions on business trade and personal movement to combat the spread of disease. It is anticipated that these restrictions will further impact regional economies and engine industries.

- Industries analysed within this document likely to experience additional impact include tourism related industries such as retail, food and beverage and accommodation services.
- Dother regional industries not directly affected by fire are also likely to experience impact including, but not limited to, construction and manufacturing.

The timing of short/medium/long-term priorities and initiatives outlined in this addenda have been adjusted for COVID-19 restrictions known as at May 2020. This includes delays to tourism recovery initiatives such as marketing campaigns. As the length and impact from COVID-19 becomes clearer, the timing of some initiatives may need to be adjusted further.

Any measures put in place by the Commonwealth and NSW Government to support businesses and industries in response to bushfire impact should be viewed in the context of broader recovery measures.



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Impact summary

- 1 Fire within Nambucca has burnt 392km², approximately 26% of the FER, and impacted a number of industries
- 2 Approximately 30-50% tourism downturn from September to December
- 3 Significant disruption to agriculture caused by asset damage, herd and product loss
- Significant disruptions to forestry supply in FER, affecting harvesting and manufacturing industries and potentially causing sizable impact to regional GVA in long term



Key takeaways

- Ability to deliver REDS strategic priorities not materially affected over the long term, disrupted in short term
- Importance of implementing original strategic priorities emphasised by bushfires
- 3 Assistance required to support impacted industries in short term



Recap: Nambucca REDS



Regional endowments

- 1 Natural amenity, state forests and national parks
- 2 Arable land, climate and water
- 3 Midpoint between major metropolitan markets
- 4 Roads, airports and private capital equipment
- 5 Clean, Green, Organic Branding
- 6 North Coast Institute of TAFE
- 7 Nambucca Shire Council
- 8 Aboriginal Cultural Heritage
- 9 Human endowments (balance of opportunities, specialised skill sets and entrepreneurship)



Regional Specialisations

Engines of growth

- Tourism
- Vehicle Manufacturing
- Agriculture

Enabling industries

- Tourism-related services
- Commercial construction
- Financial, profession and technical services

Population serving industries

- Residential construction
- Residential care



Strategic Priorities



Enable the growth of the manufacturing cluster by increasing the supply of industrial land



Develop a vehicle body manufacturing cluster plan



 Protect and enhance the region's endowments supporting tourism and agriculture

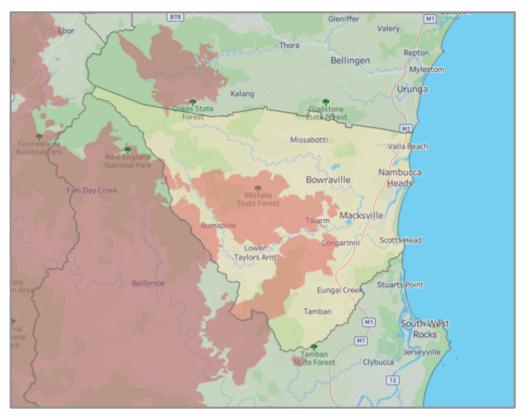


Facilitate population growth to expand the shire's internal markets



393km² of FER is physically impacted by fire, approximately 26% of the entire FER

Fire impacted area within Nambucca:



Key physical impacts:

- Area burnt¹: 393 km² in burn scar (26% of total FER area 1,491km²)
- Property damage²: 249 properties damaged or destroyed
- Tourism³: Significant direct bushfire impact to national parks
- Agriculture At least 1,400km of fencing reported as destroyed
- Forestry⁵: Potential for up to ~10% of forestry supply lost; significant damage to private plantations

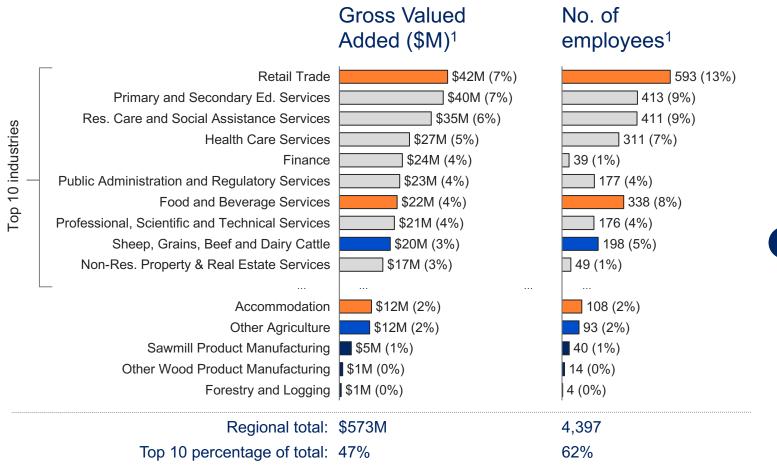
□Fire affected area



LGAs: Nambucca

1. National Indicative Aggregated Fire Extent dataset (25/02/20); 2. RFS building impact assessments (18/03/20); 3. DPI Agriculture response data (02/04/20); 4. Based on LGA engagement with Michael Coulter (16/04/20); 5. Based on conversations with DPI Forestry, Forestry Corporation, Michael Coulter and Wayne Lowe | Source: National Indicative Aggregated Fire Extent dataset (25/2/20); ABS Digital Boundaries; REDS documents | Note: estimates of land in burn scar vary depending on methodology used

Nambucca has a small and diverse economy with primary fire impacts to tourism and agriculture





Impacted focus industries

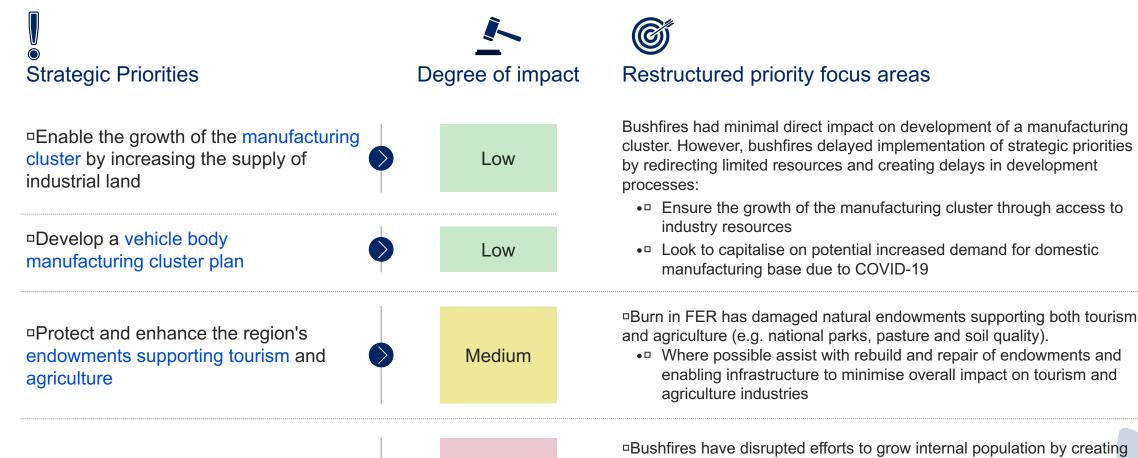
- Tourism: Tourism is a broad subset of tourism-related industries such as Retail Trade, Food and Beverage Services, Accommodation etc; CERD analysis indicates that tourism contributes ~\$31M in GVA and ~8% of FTE employment
- Agriculture and horticulture:
 Agriculture and horticulture-related industries (Sheep, Grains, Beef and Dairy Cattle) account for ~\$32M in GVA (and 7% of FTE employment)
- 3 Prorestry: Forestry-related industries account for **~\$6.5M** in GVA



Nambucca's impacted focus industries leverage regional endowments, some of which are impacted

Focus industries	Dependent endowments	Impacted
1 Tourism	 Midpoint between major metropolitan markets Roads, airports and private capital equipment Clean, Green, Organic Branding Aboriginal Cultural Heritage 	 • No • Yes – Direct impact from bushfires • Yes – Bushfire damage affects perception • No
2 Agriculture and horticulture	1 Natural amenity, state forests and national parks2 Arable land, climate and water	 •□ Yes – 26% of FER in burn scar •□ Yes – Direct impact from bushfires
3 Forestry	1 Natural amenity, state forests and national parks2 Arable land, climate and water	 •□ Yes – 26% of FER in burn scar •□ Yes – Direct impact from bushfires

Nambucca focus areas require restructuring to respond to fire impact



Practilitate population growth to expand the shire's internal markets



High

Bushfires have disrupted efforts to grow internal population by creating risk of depopulation in the FER through impact on employment and damage to housing;

• Support access to accommodation solutions for vulnerable people, and provide social support for bushfire-affected individuals



Nambucca potential priorities and initiatives

6–18mths 18mths-5yrs 5yrs+ Medium term Long term Short term Develop and deploy business Implement coordinated marketing plan Continue to support tourism education initiatives industry development Encourage emergence of industry clusters **Tourism** Develop coordinated marketing plan 3 Rectify damaged industry infrastructure Diversify and intensify Continue to diversify and intensify **Agriculture** and agricultural production agricultural production horticulture Continue to support forestry Support workforce displaced by bushfire 4 Support consistent supply arrangements for impact on operations mill operators industry development **Forestry** Explore ways to ensure continuity of supply to mill operators Continue to support large and emerging 6 Support community members particularly Invest in regional infrastructure to improve impacted by bushfires connectivity and resilience industries with appropriate initiatives and infrastructure Build disaster response capabilities and Continue improving disaster management **Other** infrastructure practices around provision of information Support large and emerging industries with appropriate initiatives and infrastructure



Deep dive: Nambucca short-term focus areas



Regional







ocus areas	Description	Rationale	Relevant industry
Develop and deploy business education initiatives	 Develop tourism industry through access to business planning and management skills training and encourage professional development pathways for employees 	 Professionalising and educating tourism operators and employees will help maximise tourism opportunity and improve resilience in future crisis 	• Tourism, other
Develop coordinated tourism marketing plan	 Develop coordinated message that identifies region is open for business. Tap into likely pent-up demand for domestic travel 	•□ Accelerate return of tourism industry where possible	•□ Tourism
Rectify damaged industry infrastructure	• Support repair of damaged industry infrastructure and support sourcing of new stock and seedlings	 Assists industry to return to pre-bushfire baseline as quickly as possible, minimising bushfire impact on longer-term production 	•□ Agriculture
Support workforce displaced by bushfire impact on operations	 Identify ways to support workforce potentially stood down due to decreased throughput at local mills; ensure adjacent workforce (contractors, freight operators) receive assistance and structure transitions where possible 	 Ensures continuity of work for employees part of an important and highly impacted industry 	•□ Forestry
Explore ways to ensure continuity of supply to mills	 Where possible, support local mills to source alternative wood where disrupted to maximise throughput and preserve jobs 	 Minimises impact to production (and contribution to overall GVA) in forestry processing industry 	•□ Forestry
Support community members particularly impacted by bushfires	 Support housing solutions for vulnerable members of the community to minimise risk of depopulation Leverage detailed information gathered through bushfire response to provide tailored economic and social support to bushfire-affected individuals 	 Assists vulnerable members of the community most directly affected by the bushfires. Minimises risk of depopulation and minimises bushfires' ongoing impact on their security and wellbeing 	•□ All
Continue improving disaster management practices around provision of information	• Continue finding ways to ensure people across Nambucca can access timely information during a disaster. Where possible, improve mobile connectivity blackspots and increase overall uptake of satellite internet services to improve resilience.	• Directly improves community safety and wellbeing in the event of future crises, whilst providing platform for digital business innovation	•□ All

Deep dive: Nambucca medium-term focus areas









Focus areas	Description	Rationale	Relevant industry
1 Implement coordinated marketing plan	 • When appropriate, implement coordinated message that identifies region is open for business, focusing on region's right to win and targeting focus tourism segments • Tap into likely pent-up demand for domestic travel 	• Accelerate return of tourism industry where possible	•□ Tourism, other
2 Encourage emergence of industry clusters	 Encourage tourism operators to share information and create joint product offerings. Encourage the creation of tourism offerings that tap into multiple sectors (e.g. farmgate tourism) 	 Promotes emergence of a more integrated and mature tourism industry; ultimately improves visitor experience and increases total visitor spend, driving higher GVA 	•□ Tourism, agriculture
Diversify and intensify agricultural production	 Promote production of high value products suited to regional climate 	 Grow total agriculture income through high value operations, reduce dependency on single crop/type of livestock 	•□ Agriculture
Support consistent supply arrangements for mill operators	 Support operators to position supply arrangements and business operations to better account for variations in input material volumes received in response to crisis 	 Increases overall efficiency of operations and increases overall throughput. Improves overall forestry GVA contribution (and possible FTE employment capacity) 	•□ Forestry
Invest in regional infrastructure to improve resilience and connectivity	 Improve mobile and internet connectivity in the region, and physical connectivity through roads etc. 	 Improves overall regional resilience against future bushfire events; at the same time provides broader economic benefits to community and business 	•□ All
Build disaster response capabilities and infrastructure	• Improve disaster response capacity and institutions; including crisis response infrastructure (SES headquarters)	 Enhances future bushfire response and recovery efforts. Minimises risk of disruption to those efforts because of natural disasters 	•□ All
Support large and emerging industries with appropriate initiatives and infrastructure	• Support large and emerging industries through initiatives such as promotion, regional branding, co-investment, and infrastructure development	 Promoting emerging industry will increase regional GVA, diversify industry risk and promote additional employment 	•□ All
Regional			

Deep dive: Nambucca medium-term focus areas









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Focus areas	Description	Rationale	Relevant industry
1 Implement coordinated marketing plan	 When appropriate, implement coordinated message that identifies region is open for business, focusing on region's right to win and targeting focus tourism segments Tap into likely pent-up demand for domestic travel 	• Accelerate return of tourism industry where possible	•□ Tourism, other
Encourage emergence of industry clusters	 Encourage tourism operators to share information and create joint product offerings. Encourage the creation of tourism offerings that tap into multiple sectors (e.g. farmgate tourism) 	 Promotes emergence of a more integrated and mature tourism industry; ultimately improves visitor experience and increases total visitor spend, driving higher GVA 	□ Tourism, agriculture
Diversify and intensify agricultural production	• Promote production of high value products suited to regional climate	 Grow total agriculture income through high value operations, reduce dependency on single crop/type of livestock 	• Agriculture
Support consistent supply arrangements for mill operators	 Support operators to position supply arrangements and business operations to better account for variations in input material volumes received in response to crisis 	 Increases overall efficiency of operations and increases overall throughput. Improves overall forestry GVA contribution (and possible FTE employment capacity) 	•□ Forestry
Invest in regional infrastructure to improve resilience and connectivity	 Improve mobile and internet connectivity in the region, and physical connectivity through roads etc. 	 Improves overall regional resilience against future bushfire events; at the same time provides broader economic benefits to community and business 	•□ All
Build disaster response capabilities and infrastructure	• Improve disaster response capacity and institutions; including crisis response infrastructure (SES headquarters)	 Enhances future bushfire response and recovery efforts. Minimises risk of disruption to those efforts because of natural disasters 	•□ All
Support large and emerging industries with appropriate initiatives and infrastructure	• Support large and emerging industries through initiatives such as promotion, regional branding, co-investment, and infrastructure development	 Promoting emerging industry will increase regional GVA, diversify industry risk and promote additional employment 	•□ All
Regional			

Deep dive: Nambucca long-term focus areas









Focus areas	Description	Rationale	Relevant industry
Continue to support tourism industry development	 Provide assistance such as professional, entrepreneurial business skills training Ensure cohesive regional tourism message that promotes diversified tourism opportunity Specific opportunities to be reviewed as they become evident 	 Promoting emerging tourism industry and integration with existing operatiors to increase regional GVA and capture maximum tourism activity with region 	•□ Tourism
Continue to diversify and intensify agricultural production	 Continue promoting production of high value products suited to regional climate Specific opportunities to be reviewed as they become evident 	 Maximise GVA and employment provided by globally significant industry 	• Agriculture
3 Continue to support forestry industry development	 Support initiatives that drive long term productivity and innovation in forestry industry Specific opportunities to be reviewed as they become evident 	• Maximise GVA and employment provided by globally significant industry	•□ Forestry
Continue to support large and emerging industries with appropriate initiatives and infrastructure	 Guide new business initiatives and provide assistance where required such as business skills advice Consider initiatives that support large engine industries that support large numbers of jobs, diversify the economy and increase resilience Specific opportunities to be reviewed as they become evident 	 Promoting large and emerging industry will increase regional GVA, diversify industry risk and promote additional employment 	•□ All

